Filed: July 31, 2002

LISTING OF ALL CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A process for producing a <u>an orthopedic</u> component, comprising:

- a. casting a blank using in a metal mold which imparts providing sufficient conductive heat transfer from the blank to rapidly cool achieve rapid eooling of the blank in order to and produce a blank which features a refined grain structure therein sufficient to prevent cracking or non-uniform flow during forging; and
- b. subsequently forging the blank to <u>further refine the microstructure by</u> <u>further reducing grain size</u>, and thereby produce said component.
- 2. (Original) A process according to claim 1 in which the blank is cast from a cobalt chrome alloy.
- 3. (Original) A process according to claim 2 in which the cobalt chrome alloy is a Co-28Cr-6Mo alloy.
- 4. (Original) A process according to claim 1 in which the blank is cast from a titanium alloy.
- 5. (Original) A process according to claim 1 in which the blank is cast from a zirconium alloy.

Filed: July 31, 2002

6. (Original) A process according to claim 1 in which the blank is cast from a stainless steel alloy.

- 7. (Original) A process according to claim 1 in which the casting process is a gravity metal mold process.
- 8. (Original) A process according to claim 1 in which the casting process is a vacuum die casting process.
- 9. (Currently Amended)A process according to claim 2 in which the blank after casting and before forging has features a an average grain size smaller than 300 μm.
- 10. (Currently Amended)A process according to claim 2 in which the blank after casting and before forging has features a an average grain size smaller than 150 μm.
- 11. (Currently Amended)A process according to claim 2 in which the blank after casting and before forging has features an ultimate tensile strength of at least 665 MPa.
- 12. (Original) A process according to claim 3 in which the component after forging complies with ASTM F-799-96.

Filed: July 31, 2002

13. (Currently Amended) A process for producing an orthopaedic component, comprising:

- a. casting a blank from a cobalt chrome alloy using in a metal mold which imparts providing sufficient conductive heat transfer from the blank to achieve cooling of cool the blank in order to and produce a grain size smaller than 300 µm and ultimate tensile strength of at least 665 MPa; and
- b. subsequently forging the blank to <u>further refine the microstructure by</u>
 <u>further reducing grain size, and thereby</u> produce <u>said-component</u>, the <u>a</u> component
 complying with ASTM F-799-96.
- 14. (Original) A process according to claim 13 in which the casting process is a gravity metal mold process.
- 15. (Original) A process according to claim 13 in which the casting process is a vacuum die casting process.
- 16. (Currently Amended) A process according to claim 13 in which the average grain size of the blank is smaller than 150 μ m.

Claims 17-69 (Cancelled)

Filed: July 31, 2002

70. (New) A process according to claim 1, wherein the forging results in a reduction in average grain size by approximately 95%.

- 71. (New) A process according to claim 1, wherein the average grain size after forging is at most 17.1 μ m.
- 72. (New) A process according to claim 13, wherein the forging results in a reduction in average grain size by approximately 95%.
- 73. (New) A process according to claim 13, wherein the average grain size after forging is at most 17.1 μm .